

NAME

openpty, login_tty, forkpty – terminal utility functions

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <pty.h>

int openpty(int *amaster, int *aslave, char *name,
            const struct termios *termp,
            const struct winsize *winp);

pid_t forkpty(int *amaster, char *name,
              const struct termios *termp,
              const struct winsize *winp);

#include <utmp.h>

int login_tty(int fd);
```

Link with `-lutil`.

DESCRIPTION

The **openpty()** function finds an available pseudoterminal and returns file descriptors for the master and slave in *amaster* and *aslave*. If *name* is not NULL, the filename of the slave is returned in *name*. If *termp* is not NULL, the terminal parameters of the slave will be set to the values in *termp*. If *winp* is not NULL, the window size of the slave will be set to the values in *winp*.

The **login_tty()** function prepares for a login on the terminal *fd* (which may be a real terminal device, or the slave of a pseudoterminal as returned by **openpty()**) by creating a new session, making *fd* the controlling terminal for the calling process, setting *fd* to be the standard input, output, and error streams of the current process, and closing *fd*.

The **forkpty()** function combines **openpty()**, **fork(2)**, and **login_tty()** to create a new process operating in a pseudoterminal. The file descriptor of the master side of the pseudoterminal is returned in *amaster*. If *name* is not NULL, the buffer it points to is used to return the filename of the slave. The *termp* and *winp* arguments, if not NULL, will determine the terminal attributes and window size of the slave side of the pseudoterminal.

RETURN VALUE

If a call to **openpty()**, **login_tty()**, or **forkpty()** is not successful, `-1` is returned and *errno* is set to indicate the error. Otherwise, **openpty()**, **login_tty()**, and the child process of **forkpty()** return 0, and the parent process of **forkpty()** returns the process ID of the child process.

ERRORS

openpty() fails if:

ENOENT

There are no available terminals.

login_tty() fails if **ioctl(2)** fails to set *fd* to the controlling terminal of the calling process.

forkpty() fails if either **openpty()** or **fork(2)** fails.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see [attributes\(7\)](#).

Interface	Attribute	Value
forkpty() , openpty()	Thread safety	MT-Safe locale
login_tty()	Thread safety	MT-Unsafe race:ttyname

CONFORMING TO

These are BSD functions, present in glibc. They are not standardized in POSIX.

NOTES

The **const** modifiers were added to the structure pointer arguments of **openpty()** and **forkpty()** in glibc 2.8.

In versions of glibc before 2.0.92, **openpty()** returns file descriptors for a BSD pseudoterminal pair; since glibc 2.0.92, it first attempts to open a UNIX 98 pseudoterminal pair, and falls back to opening a BSD pseudoterminal pair if that fails.

BUGS

Nobody knows how much space should be reserved for *name*. So, calling **openpty()** or **forkpty()** with non-NULL *name* may not be secure.

SEE ALSO

[fork\(2\)](#), [ttyname\(3\)](#), [pty\(7\)](#)

COLOPHON

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