NAME

drand48, erand48, lrand48, nrand48, mrand48, jrand48, seed48, lcong48 – generate uniformly distributed pseudo-random numbers

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <stdlib.h>
double drand48(void);
double erand48(unsigned short xsubi[3]);
long int lrand48(void);
long int mrand48(unsigned short xsubi[3]);
long int mrand48(void);
long int jrand48(unsigned short xsubi[3]);
void srand48(long int seedval);
unsigned short *seed48(unsigned short seed16v[3]);
void lcong48(unsigned short param[7]);
```

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see feature_test_macros(7)):

All functions shown above: _XOPEN_SOURCE \parallel /* Glibc since 2.19: */ _DEFAULT_SOURCE \parallel /* Glibc versions <= 2.19: */ _SVID_SOURCE

DESCRIPTION

These functions generate pseudo-random numbers using the linear congruential algorithm and 48-bit integer arithmetic.

The **drand48**() and **erand48**() functions return nonnegative double-precision floating-point values uniformly distributed over the interval [0.0, 1.0).

The **lrand48**() and **nrand48**() functions return nonnegative long integers uniformly distributed over the interval [0, 2^31).

The **mrand48**() and **jrand48**() functions return signed long integers uniformly distributed over the interval [-2³1, 2³1).

The **srand48**(), **seed48**() and **lcong48**() functions are initialization functions, one of which should be called before using **drand48**(), **lrand48**() or **mrand48**(). The functions **erand48**(), **nrand48**() and **jrand48**() do not require an initialization function to be called first.

All the functions work by generating a sequence of 48-bit integers, Xi, according to the linear congruential formula:

```
Xn+1 = (aXn + c) \mod m, where n >= 0
```

The parameter $m = 2^48$, hence 48-bit integer arithmetic is performed. Unless **lcong48**() is called, a and c are given by:

```
a = 0x5DEECE66D
c = 0xB
```

The value returned by any of the functions **drand48**(), **erand48**(), **lrand48**(), **nrand48**(), **mrand48**() or **jrand48**() is computed by first generating the next 48-bit *Xi* in the sequence. Then the appropriate number of bits, according to the type of data item to be returned, is copied from the high-order bits of *Xi* and transformed into the returned value.

The functions drand48(), lrand48() and drand48() store the last 48-bit Xi generated in an internal buffer. The functions drand48(), drand48() and drand48() require the calling program to provide storage for the successive Xi values in the array argument drand48(). The functions are initialized by placing the initial value of drand48() into the array before calling the function for the first time.

The initializer function **srand48**() sets the high order 32-bits of *Xi* to the argument *seedval*. The low order

2017-09-15

16-bits are set to the arbitrary value 0x330E.

The initializer function seed 48() sets the value of Xi to the 48-bit value specified in the array argument seed 16v. The previous value of Xi is copied into an internal buffer and a pointer to this buffer is returned by seed 48().

The initialization function **lcong48**() allows the user to specify initial values for Xi, a and c. Array argument elements param[0-2] specify Xi, param[3-5] specify a, and param[6] specifies c. After **lcong48**() has been called, a subsequent call to either **srand48**() or **seed48**() will restore the standard values of a and c.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see attributes(7).

Interface	Attribute	Value
drand48(), erand48(),	Thread safety	MT-Unsafe race:drand48
lrand48(), nrand48(),		
mrand48(), jrand48(),		
srand48(), seed48(),		
lcong48()		

The above functions record global state information for the random number generator, so they are not thread-safe.

CONFORMING TO

POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008, SVr4.

SEE ALSO

rand(3), random(3)

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 4.16 of the Linux *man-pages* project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.

2017-09-15