#### **NAME**

nearbyint, nearbyintl, rint, rintf, rintl - round to nearest integer

## **SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <math.h>
    double nearbyint(double x);
    float nearbyintf(float x);
    long double nearbyintl(long double x);
    double rint(double x);
    float rintf(float x);
    long double rintl(long double x);
    Link with -lm.
Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see feature_test_macros(7)):
    nearbyint(), nearbyintf(), nearbyintl():
         _POSIX_C_SOURCE >= 200112L || _ISOC99_SOURCE
    rint():
         _ISOC99_SOURCE || _POSIX_C_SOURCE >= 200112L || _XOPEN_SOURCE >= 500 || /* Since
        glibc 2.19: */ _DEFAULT_SOURCE || /* Glibc versions <= 2.19: */ _BSD_SOURCE ||
        _SVID_SOURCE
    rintf(), rintl():
         _ISOC99_SOURCE || _POSIX_C_SOURCE >= 200112L || /* Since glibc 2.19: */ _DE-
        FAULT_SOURCE | /* Glibc versions <= 2.19: */_BSD_SOURCE | _SVID_SOURCE
```

#### DESCRIPTION

The **nearbyint(**), **nearbyintf(**), and **nearbyintl(**) functions round their argument to an integer value in floating-point format, using the current rounding direction (see fesetround(3)) and without raising the *inexact* exception. When the current rounding direction is to nearest, these functions round halfway cases to the even integer in accordance with IEEE-754.

The **rint()**, **rintf()**, and **rintl()** functions do the same, but will raise the *inexact* exception (**FE\_INEXACT**, checkable via fetestexcept(3)) when the result differs in value from the argument.

### **RETURN VALUE**

These functions return the rounded integer value.

If x is integral, +0, -0, NaN, or infinite, x itself is returned.

#### **ERRORS**

No errors occur. POSIX.1-2001 documents a range error for overflows, but see NOTES.

## **ATTRIBUTES**

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see attributes(7).

Interface	Attribute	Value
nearbyint(), nearbyintf(),	Thread safety	MT-Safe
nearbyintl(), rint(),		
rintf(), rintl()		

## **CONFORMING TO**

C99, POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008.

### **NOTES**

SUSv2 and POSIX.1-2001 contain text about overflow (which might set *errno* to **ERANGE**, or raise an **FE\_OVERFLOW** exception). In practice, the result cannot overflow on any current machine, so this error-handling stuff is just nonsense. (More precisely, overflow can happen only when the maximum value of the exponent is smaller than the number of mantissa bits. For the IEEE-754 standard 32-bit and 64-bit floating-point numbers the maximum value of the exponent is 128 (respectively, 1024), and the number of mantissa bits is 24 (respectively, 53).)

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If you want to store the rounded value in an integer type, you probably want to use one of the functions described in <a href="link(3)">lrint(3)</a> instead.

# **SEE ALSO**

ceil(3), floor(3), lrint(3), round(3), trunc(3)

# **COLOPHON**

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