

**NAME**

ECDSA\_SIG\_get0, ECDSA\_SIG\_get0\_r, ECDSA\_SIG\_get0\_s, ECDSA\_SIG\_set0, ECDSA\_SIG\_new, ECDSA\_SIG\_free, ECDSA\_size, ECDSA\_sign, ECDSA\_do\_sign, ECDSA\_verify, ECDSA\_do\_verify, ECDSA\_sign\_setup, ECDSA\_sign\_ex, ECDSA\_do\_sign\_ex – low-level elliptic curve digital signature algorithm (ECDSA) functions

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <openssl/ecdsa.h>

ECDSA_SIG *ECDSA_SIG_new(void);
void ECDSA_SIG_free(ECDSA_SIG *sig);
void ECDSA_SIG_get0(const ECDSA_SIG *sig, const BIGNUM **pr, const BIGNUM **ps);
const BIGNUM *ECDSA_SIG_get0_r(const ECDSA_SIG *sig);
const BIGNUM *ECDSA_SIG_get0_s(const ECDSA_SIG *sig);
int ECDSA_SIG_set0(ECDSA_SIG *sig, BIGNUM *r, BIGNUM *s);
int ECDSA_size(const EC_KEY *eckey);

int ECDSA_sign(int type, const unsigned char *dgst, int dgstlen,
               unsigned char *sig, unsigned int *siglen, EC_KEY *eckey);
ECDSA_SIG *ECDSA_do_sign(const unsigned char *dgst, int dgst_len,
                          EC_KEY *eckey);

int ECDSA_verify(int type, const unsigned char *dgst, int dgstlen,
                 const unsigned char *sig, int siglen, EC_KEY *eckey);
int ECDSA_do_verify(const unsigned char *dgst, int dgst_len,
                    const ECDSA_SIG *sig, EC_KEY *eckey);

ECDSA_SIG *ECDSA_do_sign_ex(const unsigned char *dgst, int dgstlen,
                             const BIGNUM *kinv, const BIGNUM *rp,
                             EC_KEY *eckey);
int ECDSA_sign_setup(EC_KEY *eckey, BN_CTX *ctx, BIGNUM **kinv, BIGNUM **rp);
int ECDSA_sign_ex(int type, const unsigned char *dgst, int dgstlen,
                  unsigned char *sig, unsigned int *siglen,
                  const BIGNUM *kinv, const BIGNUM *rp, EC_KEY *eckey);
```

**DESCRIPTION**

Note: these functions provide a low-level interface to ECDSA. Most applications should use the higher level **EVP** interface such as [EVP\\_DigestSignInit\(3\)](#) or [EVP\\_DigestVerifyInit\(3\)](#) instead.

**ECDSA\_SIG** is an opaque structure consisting of two **BIGNUM**s for the **r** and **s** value of an ECDSA signature (see X9.62 or FIPS 186-2).

**ECDSA\_SIG\_new()** allocates an empty **ECDSA\_SIG** structure. Note: before OpenSSL 1.1.0 the: the **r** and **s** components were initialised.

**ECDSA\_SIG\_free()** frees the **ECDSA\_SIG** structure **sig**.

**ECDSA\_SIG\_get0()** returns internal pointers the **r** and **s** values contained in **sig** and stores them in **\*pr** and **\*ps**, respectively. The pointer **pr** or **ps** can be **NULL**, in which case the corresponding value is not returned.

The values **r**, **s** can also be retrieved separately by the corresponding function **ECDSA\_SIG\_get0\_r()** and **ECDSA\_SIG\_get0\_s()**, respectively.

The **r** and **s** values can be set by calling **ECDSA\_SIG\_set0()** and passing the new values for **r** and **s** as parameters to the function. Calling this function transfers the memory management of the values to the **ECDSA\_SIG** object, and therefore the values that have been passed in should not be freed directly after this function has been called.

See [i2d\\_ECDSA\\_SIG\(3\)](#) and [d2i\\_ECDSA\\_SIG\(3\)](#) for information about encoding and decoding ECDSA

signatures to/from DER.

**ECDSA\_size()** returns the maximum length of a DER encoded ECDSA signature created with the private EC key **eckey**.

**ECDSA\_sign()** computes a digital signature of the **dgstlen** bytes hash value **dgst** using the private EC key **eckey**. The DER encoded signature is stored in **sig** and its length is returned in **sig\_len**. Note: **sig** must point to `ECDSA_size(eckey)` bytes of memory. The parameter **type** is currently ignored. **ECDSA\_sign()** is wrapper function for **ECDSA\_sign\_ex()** with **kinv** and **rp** set to NULL.

**ECDSA\_do\_sign()** is similar to **ECDSA\_sign()** except the signature is returned as a newly allocated **ECDSA\_SIG** structure (or NULL on error). **ECDSA\_do\_sign()** is a wrapper function for **ECDSA\_do\_sign\_ex()** with **kinv** and **rp** set to NULL.

**ECDSA\_verify()** verifies that the signature in **sig** of size **siglen** is a valid ECDSA signature of the hash value **dgst** of size **dgstlen** using the public key **eckey**. The parameter **type** is ignored.

**ECDSA\_do\_verify()** is similar to **ECDSA\_verify()** except the signature is presented in the form of a pointer to an **ECDSA\_SIG** structure.

The remaining functions utilise the internal **kinv** and **r** values used during signature computation. Most applications will never need to call these and some external ECDSA ENGINE implementations may not support them at all if either **kinv** or **r** is not NULL.

**ECDSA\_sign\_setup()** may be used to precompute parts of the signing operation. **eckey** is the private EC key and **ctx** is a pointer to **BN\_CTX** structure (or NULL). The precomputed values are returned in **kinv** and **rp** and can be used in a later call to **ECDSA\_sign\_ex()** or **ECDSA\_do\_sign\_ex()**.

**ECDSA\_sign\_ex()** computes a digital signature of the **dgstlen** bytes hash value **dgst** using the private EC key **eckey** and the optional pre-computed values **kinv** and **rp**. The DER encoded signature is stored in **sig** and its length is returned in **sig\_len**. Note: **sig** must point to `ECDSA_size(eckey)` bytes of memory. The parameter **type** is ignored.

**ECDSA\_do\_sign\_ex()** is similar to **ECDSA\_sign\_ex()** except the signature is returned as a newly allocated **ECDSA\_SIG** structure (or NULL on error).

## RETURN VALUES

**ECDSA\_SIG\_new()** returns NULL if the allocation fails.

**ECDSA\_SIG\_set0()** returns 1 on success or 0 on failure.

**ECDSA\_SIG\_get0\_r()** and **ECDSA\_SIG\_get0\_s()** return the corresponding value, or NULL if it is unset.

**ECDSA\_size()** returns the maximum length signature or 0 on error.

**ECDSA\_sign()**, **ECDSA\_sign\_ex()** and **ECDSA\_sign\_setup()** return 1 if successful or 0 on error.

**ECDSA\_do\_sign()** and **ECDSA\_do\_sign\_ex()** return a pointer to an allocated **ECDSA\_SIG** structure or NULL on error.

**ECDSA\_verify()** and **ECDSA\_do\_verify()** return 1 for a valid signature, 0 for an invalid signature and -1 on error. The error codes can be obtained by [ERR\\_get\\_error\(3\)](#).

## EXAMPLES

Creating an ECDSA signature of a given SHA-256 hash value using the named curve prime256v1 (aka P-256).

First step: create an EC\_KEY object (note: this part is **not** ECDSA specific)

```
int ret;
ECDSA_SIG *sig;
EC_KEY *eckey;

eckey = EC_KEY_new_by_curve_name(NID_X9_62_prime256v1);
if (eckey == NULL)
    /* error */
```

```
if (EC_KEY_generate_key(eckey) == 0)
    /* error */
```

Second step: compute the ECDSA signature of a SHA-256 hash value using **ECDSA\_do\_sign()**:

```
sig = ECDSA_do_sign(digest, 32, eckey);
if (sig == NULL)
    /* error */
```

or using **ECDSA\_sign()**:

```
unsigned char *buffer, *pp;
int buf_len;

buf_len = ECDSA_size(eckey);
buffer = OPENSSL_malloc(buf_len);
pp = buffer;
if (ECDSA_sign(0, dgst, dgstlen, pp, &buf_len, eckey) == 0)
    /* error */
```

Third step: verify the created ECDSA signature using **ECDSA\_do\_verify()**:

```
ret = ECDSA_do_verify(digest, 32, sig, eckey);
```

or using **ECDSA\_verify()**:

```
ret = ECDSA_verify(0, digest, 32, buffer, buf_len, eckey);
```

and finally evaluate the return value:

```
if (ret == 1)
    /* signature ok */
else if (ret == 0)
    /* incorrect signature */
else
    /* error */
```

## CONFORMING TO

ANSI X9.62, US Federal Information Processing Standard FIPS 186-2 (Digital Signature Standard, DSS)

## SEE ALSO

[EC\\_KEY\\_new\(3\)](#), [EVP\\_DigestSignInit\(3\)](#), [EVP\\_DigestVerifyInit\(3\)](#), [i2d\\_ECDSA\\_SIG\(3\)](#), [d2i\\_ECDSA\\_SIG\(3\)](#)

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